

THE AMADOR LEDGER.

Established November 1, 1855

Ten Cents Per Copy.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY OF AMADOR COUNTY.

MISCELLANEOUS.	
JACKSON REPUBLICAN CLUB	
State Senator..... Hon. John F. Davis	President
Assemblyman..... Hon. Fred L. Stewart	First Vice President
Superior Judge..... Hon. R. C. Rust	Second Vice President
Sheriff and Tax Collector..... U. S. Gregory	Third Vice President
Deputy Sheriff..... J. P. Podesta	Secretary
County Clerk and Auditor..... C. L. Culbert	Treasurer
Deputy County Clerk..... B. R. Culbert	
District Attorney..... C. P. Viall	
Treasurer..... D. J. Spagnoli	
Deputy Recorder..... Bobt. J. Kerr	
Assessor..... John Marchant	
Deputy Assessor..... George F. Mack	
Superintendent of Schools..... Gen. A. Gordon	
Coroner and Administrator..... Gen. A. Gritton	
County Surveyor..... W. E. Downs	
County Physician..... Dr. A. M. Gall	
Steward of County Hospital..... A. C. Barrett	
SUPERVISORS.	
Township One..... M. Newman	
Township Two..... W. M. Amick	
Township Three..... A. B. McLaughlin	
Township Four..... E. B. Moore	
Township Five..... Fred B. LeMoine	
The regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors is held on the first Monday of each month. Fred B. LeMoine, Chairman.	
TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.	
Justice of the Peace..... H. Goldner	
Constable..... H. E. Kay	
TOWNSHIP TWO.	
Justice of the Peace..... James McCauley	
Constable..... J. E. Kelley	
TOWNSHIP THREE.	
Justice of the Peace..... A. W. Robinson	
Constable..... James Lessley	
TOWNSHIP FOUR.	
Justice of the Peace..... J. H. Giles	
Constable..... D. F. Gray	
TOWNSHIP FIVE.	
Justice of the Peace..... J. Blower	
Constable..... William Scoble	
LAWYERS.	
D. B. SPAGNOLI	
Attorney and Counselor at Law	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Practice in all the States and Federal courts	
Office: Spagnoli building, opposite Hall of Records.	
A. CAMINETTI	
Attorney and Counselor at Law	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Will practice in all the State and Federal courts.	
ROBERT C. BOLE	
Attorney-at-Law	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office: Farley building, Summit street	
N. EIL A. MACQUARIE	
Attorney and Counselor at Law	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office: Spagnoli block, Courthouse square.	
J. W. CALDWELL	
Attorney-at-Law	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Will practice in all courts of the State	
JOHN F. DAVIS	
LAWYER	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office on Summit Street, opposite Courthouse	
JACOB L. SARGENT	
ATTORNEY	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office: Marella building, Court street. Mines and mining laws a specialty	
E. A. FREEMAN	
Attorney-at-Law	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office in Marella building, corner Main and Court streets.	
NOTARIES.	
HILDA CLOUGH	
Photographer and Notary Public	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office, Judge Davis' law offices, Summit Street	
DOCTORS.	
E. E. ENDICOTT, M. D.	
Physician and Surgeon	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office: Webb building. All calls promptly attended to at all times.	
D. R. COREY	
Physician and Surgeon	
SACRAMENTO, CAL.	
Has moved his offices to 1000½ Ninth Street, between J and K, near J. Hours 10 to 12 a.m. to 4 to 7 p.m., or by appointment.	
D. R. E. V. LONIGO	
Physician and Surgeon	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office: Webb building, Main street. Residence: Broadway, near Marre's Hotel. Telephone Main 488.	
D. R. A. M. GALL	
Physician and Surgeon	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office in Well & Renno building, Main Street.	
DENTISTS.	
D. R. C. A. HERRICK	
DENTIST	
JACKSON, CAL.	
Office in Kay building. Hours from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	
MISCELLANEOUS.	
J. H. LANGHORST	
Main Street, Jackson	
Dealer in—	
AMERICAN WATCHES, CLOCKS JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE	
All goods warranted as represented. Repairing of watches, clocks and jewelry a specialty.	

JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1901.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

A VETERAN'S STORY OF A TASSELED TURKISH FEZ.

The Grawsome Incident in Which He Participated at the Second Battle of Manassas—A Brave Boy and His Dying Request.

"Whenever I saw a tasseled Turkish fez," said a Confederate veteran whose attention had been attracted by a smoking cap of that pattern in a Canal street window, "I am reminded of a curious and rather grawsome incident of my campaigning days. It was on the morning after the second battle of Manassas," he continued in response to a request for the story, "and several of us from my company had gone over to the field in the hope of picking up a few things that we badly needed and for which the dead had no further use—waterproofs, for instance, and sound canteens."

"During the previous day's engagement you may remember that a regiment of freshly recruited New York zouaves held the crest of a hill and were charged and almost annihilated by Hood's brigade. They were mowed down like ripe grain and fell so thickly that their corpses literally carpeted the earth. I dare say it was as awful a slaughter, considering the number engaged, as occurred anywhere in the course of the war."

"Well, we hadn't gone very far when we came to this hill and began to get among the dead men. The poor fellows had been mustered into service less than a week before, and they were said to be the most gorgeously uniformed military troop ever organized. They wore scarlet Turkish trousers, blue jackets embroidered with gold bullion braid and purple fezes with long pendent tassels."

"Being just from the outfitters, all this fine regalia was perfectly fresh and new, and somehow or other it added to the ghastliness of the spectacle on the hillside. The corpses were in all sorts of strange postures, and their fantastic costumes gave them an air of horrible grotesqueness that I couldn't begin to describe in words."

"However, to come to my point, I had picked up a fez to carry away as a relic and was about to leave the spot when I happened to notice a much handsomer specimen on the head of a little zouave stretched out, stiff and stark, a few yards away, with a handkerchief over his face. I stepped up to make a 'swap,' but had barely touched the tassel when a low, sweet-toned voice under the handkerchief said, 'Please don't!'

"For a moment," continued the veteran, "that unpleasant protest, coming from what I had supposed to be a corpse, made my hair bristle on my head. Then I lifted the handkerchief and was shocked to see the delicate, refined features of a boy not over 15. He was pale as death and evidently desperately wounded, but he looked at me calmly. 'My God,' I exclaimed, 'what a lad you are to be here!' I'm afraid I'm dying unless I have help," he replied.

"You think the surgeons will be around pretty soon?" The Lord knows!" I groaned, for the boy's courage touched me to the heart. 'Your surgeons have all run away, and we only have a few, with more wounded than you can attend to.' Then I guess all I can do is to lie here quietly and die," he said in the same gentle voice. "Please get me a little water before you go!"

"I took his canteen and hurried down to a branch at the foot of the hill, where the first thing I saw, by the way, was the corpse of a zouave floating in a pool. I went up the stream far enough to get out of the horrible death zone, filled the canteen with pure water and was soon back at the boy's side. I gave him a drink, and he thanked me. 'Is there nothing else I can do?' I asked awkwardly, because I knew our company was under early marching orders that morning and that it would be impossible for me to linger much longer. 'Nothing at all, thank you,' he replied. 'No message to anybody?' 'No; nothing to message.'

"I turned away most reluctantly and found only a few yards when I heard his thin voice calling me back. 'Excuse me,' he said, 'but I want you to accept this as a present,' and he handed me his fine purple fez. 'No, no,' I exclaimed, greatly embarrassed; 'I couldn't think of taking it. When I started to a little while ago, I thought of course,' he interrupted. 'Well, I soon will be, and that other fez will do me just as well. Please put it on my head and take me.' I saw that he would be hurt unless I did as he desired, so I took the fez and went away."

"In less than half an hour our company was on the march, and needless to say, I never heard anything more of the little child zouave. He was badly wounded and undoubtedly died where I left him. I kept the fez a long time," added the veteran, "but it was finally lost, with other odds and ends, in the general confusion following the war. I'd give some money for it today."—Chicago Herald.

"The Stable equipped with first-class stock and vehicles. Suitable rigs for Commercial travelers with trunks.

Special Attention Paid * to Revolving Stock.

Large stable and yard for use of teamsters. Telegrams answered free of cost. 223-1f

FIRE — ACCIDENT — LIFE

L. J. FONTERROSE

General Insurance Agent and Searcher of Records

Office: Marella building, Court street, Jackson

LEDGER'S CLUBBING RATES.

Ledger and Daily Call, one year..... \$7.50

Ledger and Weekly Call, one year..... 3.60

Ledger and Daily Bulletin, one year..... 6.50

Ledger and Semi-Weekly Bulletin, one year..... 4.20

Ledger and Weekly Bulletin, one year..... 3.80

Ledger and Daily Chronicle, one year..... 7.70

Ledger and Weekly Chronicle, one year..... 3.60

Ledger and Weekly Examiner, one year..... 3.60

Ledger and Daily Tribune, one year..... 8.30

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.50

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, one year..... 3.35

Ledger and S. F. Weekly Post, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year..... 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and Daily Call, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and Daily Chronicle, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and Weekly Chronicle, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and Daily Examiner, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and Daily Tribune, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, one year..... 3.35

Ledger and S. F. Weekly Post, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year..... 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.50

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, one year..... 3.35

Ledger and S. F. Weekly Post, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year..... 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.50

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, one year..... 3.35

Ledger and S. F. Weekly Post, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year..... 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.50

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, one year..... 3.35

Ledger and S. F. Weekly Post, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year..... 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.50

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, one year..... 3.35

Ledger and S. F. Weekly Post, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year..... 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.50

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, one year..... 3.35

Ledger and S. F. Weekly Post, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year..... 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.50

Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine, one year..... 3.35

Ledger and S. F. Weekly Post, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and McCall's Magazine, one year..... 2.75

Ledger and St. Louis Globe Democrat, one year..... 3.00

Ledger and N. Y. Tri-Weekly Tribune, one year..... 3.50

THE AMADOR LEDGER

(COUNTY OFFICIAL PAPER.)

Published Fridays by

Amador County Publishing Co.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One year (in advance).....	\$2.50
One year (if not in advance).....	3.00
Six months.....	1.25
Three months.....	0.75
One or more copies, each.....	10
Legal advertising—per sq. ft.—1st insertion	\$1.00
Subsequent insertions—per square—each.....	50

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JACKSON AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

R. WEBB - - - Editor and Manager

FRIDAY.....JULY 26, 1901

WHITHER ARE WE DRIFTING?

In our local columns we publish an extended report of the trial in the justice's court of Jackson of one McGregor, on a charge of misdemeanor in exhibiting on the street a lot of domesticated snakes, permitting a child of tender years to participate in the performance. We do this not on account of any special significance attaching to the case in itself, but because it serves to bring into strong relief the methods resorted to in the judicial centre of Amador county in the prosecution of alleged crime—methods which are fast becoming intolerable, and which constitute a far greater menace to the freedom of American citizens than many of the paltry evils they are trotted out to cure. Should any citizen venture to suggest that the legal machinery, supposed to be set in motion in support of the peace and dignity of the people of California, is running dangerously close to the border realm of persecution, he is at once met with the cry in behalf of the officials concerned, "But this is law; we are simply doing our duty in trying to enforce the law." In the presence of this appeal all opposition is supposed to be silenced, and the chorus of curses changed into hosannas of praise. But we decline to accept even this plea in extenuation of official conduct in the particular case under consideration. It is just as easy to persecute a man under color of law as in defiance of law, and both forms of persecution are equally opposed to the spirit of the law. The sins committed in the name of law are only equalled by those perpetrated in open defiance of all legal enactments. Why, many of the most infamous persecutors of history reached their unenviable distinction by just such a line of defense. But this has not saved them from the retributive verdict of history. Their flimsy excuses are shuffled out of sight by the hand of time, and the naked infamy of their deeds alone remains to perpetuate their memory. Law is merely the concentrated wisdom of the ages as to what is right and fair between man and man. When an officer outrages public sentiment—the very basis upon which law rests—he to that extent ignores the spirit of the law, no matter how careful he may be in keeping within the letter thereof. Furthermore, we hold that when an officer pursues an alleged offender from motives of personal resentment he thereby forfeits all respect for his official position, and stands out as an individual persecutor. So extremely narrow is the dividing line between legitimate prosecution and persecution. Law officers are not to be commended, but rather condemned, for manifesting an overwhelming anxiety to affix the stigma of crime upon a defendant. That is nothing less than the spirit of persecution, which if persisted in cannot fail to land its possessor outside of the letter as well as the spirit of the law. It is infinitely nobler to try to stop wrong-doing in its incipiency than to wait until the victim has overstepped the line, and then exultingly pounce upon him, like an eagle upon its prey.

A man named McGregor, with wife and child, came to Jackson last week. They had a number of reptiles, and made a living by exhibiting on the streets or wherever they could find an audience, their absolute mastery over these snakes. It was not an attractive business, but there was nothing wrong or dangerous in it any more than in a menagerie of chattering monkeys or other wild animals, which young and old are delighted to see. In their nomadic life, they had wandered through the greater part of California without official interference, paying the license fee wherever it was demanded. Strangers in every place visited, they depended for protection upon that love of justice and fair treatment which constitutes the bulwark of the liberties of a free people, and which is especially strong in the American character. It was reserved for Amador county officials—with the chief executive officer blazing the way—to rudely shake their dreams of hospitality and fair treatment for the "stranger within the gates." Three times the man was arrested in less than that number of days. First, it was for non-payment of license. But the license money was promptly paid when the demand was made. Where, then, was the necessity of arrest when the man was able and willing to pay. Is this the practice pursued with reference to resident license-payers? Has any business man ever been arrested for non-payment of license,

THE IONE ROAD.

The sprinkling of the Ione road—and it is only sprinkled a portion of the distance—is a failure. Not enough water can be got on it with one sprinkling to keep down the dust for twenty-four hours. Of course it is admitted that the highway is improved for travel by the sprinkling that is being done, but the question is, Is the slight improvement, worth the heavy outlay involved. As for the water preserving the road, it is utterly inadequate to accomplish anything in this direction. The wear is just as rapid with the sprinkling as without it. A great deal of money has already been expended in this sprinkling experiment, and the consensus of opinion is that it is little better than a farce. Would it not be the course of wisdom to stop this useless expenditure, and turn whatever balance of this fund remains into a more profitable channel. No one will contend that the experience gained will justify any effort to continue it another season. Many who contributed to the fund are outspoken in saying that they would not have given had the outcome been known. There is an agitation now on for oiling the road. It seems an offer has been informally made by D. McCall of Ione, to oil the entire distance, 12 miles, for \$1200. No doubt this is a very liberal offer. It certainly cannot be watered for anything like that sum. But while some are disposed to urge, without further ceremony, the acceptance of this offer, we certainly cannot see our way clear to do so. Too much haste has already been shown in regard to new propositions looking to the improvement of the Ione road, with the result that large sums of money have been squandered. The action of the supreme court in the case referred to, will be watched with interest. Meantime, the incorporation advocates will do well to possess their souls in patience, and show some modesty after their late repulse.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles 'tis wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merits for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by D. B. Spagnoli, Druggist.

Benefit Dance.

A dance will be given at Love hall on Saturday evening, July 27, for the benefit of W. S. Gilbert, who lost everything in the late fire. Tickets \$1.00.

"I have been troubled with indigestion for ten years, have tried many things and spent much money to no purpose until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken two bottles and gotten more relief from them than all other medicines taken. I feel more like a boy than I have felt in twenty years." Anderson Riggs of Sunny Lane, Tex. Thousands have testified as did Mr. Riggs—Kerr's Pharmacy, Jackson.

Skin troubles, cuts, burns, scalds and chafing quickly healed by the use of De Wit's Witch Hazel Salve. It is imitated. Be sure you get De Wit's—Kerr's Pharmacy, Jackson.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

may 24-6m.

The above rates are strictly in advance.

or even reported delinquent to the district attorney?

By the payment of the license tax was not enough to satisfy the officer as far as the snake charmer was concerned. His business did not suit the notions of some, and it must be broken up if possible. A law, passed by the last legislature, was dug up, which they thought just fitted the case. If they had looked a little more closely they might have found that their ground for interference, even from the standpoint of written law, was a long way from being as solid as they imagined. But they were not fishing with that kind of bait. Again the arm of law was invoked to smite the "stranger." This time the criminal brand was to be impressed because the child was made a part of the entertainment. It is probably the first and only arrest under the new-fangled statute made in California, and the distinction is not one for Amador to be proud of. But the man furnished cash bail, and found an attorney to defend him, which upset all calculations of a plea of guilty. He prepared to do business the next day. He had the child by him, but did not intend that she should take an active part in the snake exhibition. If the child had been allowed to wander off on her own account, probably the legal sense of propriety would not have been so severely shocked. But she was under the eye of her natural guardian, and a third arrest was deemed the proper way to uphold the majesty of unoffended law. He was not given the opportunity to put up any more bail money until next morning, but hurried to a dungeon as though he had committed an unblameable offense. Every effort was made to stem the rising tide of popular indignation, and insure a conviction; the nightly conclaves, the efforts to prejudice the people through a servile sheet, and by other tactics equally at variance with a defendant's right to a fair and impartial trial. But the jury failed to convict, although punished by an all night lock-up—a thing unheard of in petty trials. McGregor is still in jail with his snakes. To cap the climax, another jury trial is announced. Justice has been deemed satisfied with one disagreement in a murder case; the dynamiters, the ghouls who in broad daylight plundered the ruins of Chinatown, are breathing the air of freedom; but this friendless, homeless—aye, voiceless—wayfarer, whose mortal sin seems to have been indulging in a little back talk in the presence of officialdom, is hounded from pillar to post, and glorified by a second trial. Ye doo strain at a gnat and swallow a camel."

THE IONE ROAD.

The sprinkling of the Ione road—and it is only sprinkled a portion of the distance—is a failure. Not enough water can be got on it with one sprinkling to keep down the dust for twenty-four hours. Of course it is admitted that the highway is improved for travel by the sprinkling that is being done, but the question is, Is the slight improvement, worth the heavy outlay involved. As for the water preserving the road, it is utterly inadequate to accomplish anything in this direction. The wear is just as rapid with the sprinkling as without it. A great deal of money has already been expended in this sprinkling experiment, and the consensus of opinion is that it is little better than a farce. Would it not be the course of wisdom to stop this useless expenditure, and turn whatever balance of this fund remains into a more profitable channel. No one will contend that the experience gained will justify any effort to continue it another season. Many who contributed to the fund are outspoken in saying that they would not have given had the outcome been known. There is an agitation now on for oiling the road. It seems an offer has been informally made by D. McCall of Ione, to oil the entire distance, 12 miles, for \$1200. No doubt this is a very liberal offer. It certainly cannot be watered for anything like that sum. But while some are disposed to urge, without further ceremony, the acceptance of this offer, we certainly cannot see our way clear to do so. Too much haste has already been shown in regard to new propositions looking to the improvement of the Ione road, with the result that large sums of money have been squandered. The action of the supreme court in the case referred to, will be watched with interest. Meantime, the incorporation advocates will do well to possess their souls in patience, and show some modesty after their late repulse.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles 'tis wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merits for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by D. B. Spagnoli, Druggist.

Benefit Dance.

A dance will be given at Love hall on Saturday evening, July 27, for the benefit of W. S. Gilbert, who lost everything in the late fire. Tickets \$1.00.

"I have been troubled with indigestion for ten years, have tried many things and spent much money to no purpose until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken two bottles and gotten more relief from them than all other medicines taken. I feel more like a boy than I have felt in twenty years." Anderson Riggs of Sunny Lane, Tex. Thousands have testified as did Mr. Riggs—Kerr's Pharmacy, Jackson.

Skin troubles, cuts, burns, scalds and chafing quickly healed by the use of De Wit's Witch Hazel Salve. It is imitated. Be sure you get De Wit's—Kerr's Pharmacy, Jackson.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

may 24-6m.

The above rates are strictly in advance.

New National.

FRIDAY.

John Bancroft, San Francisco; John Eckhart, Volcano; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; W. H. Lotta Stockton; C. A. Wilson, Pine Grove; Jas. Quayle, San Francisco; J. S. Williams, San Francisco; J. W. Metcalf, Stockton; Charley Fisher, Chicago; W. Weaver, San Francisco; W. Perkins, San Francisco; Sam P. Brown jr., Electra.

SUNDAY.

G. F. Mackie, San Francisco; M. H. Ralph, San Francisco; C. A. Wilson, Pine Grove; J. S. Williams, San Francisco; Laura K. Mullen, Ione; Ethel Macastri, Ione; E. Semmel, San Francisco; Geo. E. Maxwell San Francisco; W. C. Smith, Volcano; David Avey, Pine Grove; A. Jelenik, Sacramento; S. H. Palom, Tabaud; A. L. Taffelmer, San Francisco; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; J. Mortimer, San Francisco; Dr. H. C. Massie, San Francisco.

MONDAY.

Ralph Brown, Electra; Ralph Miller, Gwinning; R. M. Kinzie, San Francisco; S. W. Kosen, San Francisco; John H. Watkins, San Francisco; Dr. A. Davidson, San Francisco; V. M. Cole, San Francisco; Leslie Cramer, San Francisco; J. Campbell, San Francisco; Geo. House, San Francisco; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; W. Storms, Ballo Mine; Mrs. W. Storms, Ballo Mine; W. S. Storms, Ballo Mine; R. Clark, Alameda; Mrs. R. Clark, Alameda; Geo. House, Alameda; A. Robinson, San Andreas; M. J. Musto, Stockton; C. A. Wilson, Pine Grove; Jas. T. Langford, Sheep Ranch; Thos. Jones, San Francisco; Ed. Purcell, Jackson; John Bresca, Jackson; L. J. Fontenrose, Jackson; Chas. E. Skinner, Mill Creek; L. Luttrell, Gwinning.

TUESDAY.

W. Biderain, San Francisco; Chas. E. Skinner, Mill Creek; Jas. H. Roberts, Aqueduct; L. Fontenrose, City; Percy W. Hall, Tabaud; G. A. Gifford, Boston; J. A. Sallinger, Stockton; G. L. Everett, Pittsburgh; J. A. Bittel, Chicago; M. T. Long, San Francisco; Chas. Gans, San Francisco; Jones, San Francisco; C. M. Steinheuer, Georgia; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; Charles Fisher, San Francisco; W. E. Gray, Philadelphia; L. G. McMillan, San Francisco.

WEDNESDAY.

H. A. Campbell, San Francisco; T. B. Potter and wife, San Francisco; Porter Clare, San Francisco; W. H. Gifford, Boston; J. A. Sallinger, Stockton; G. L. Everett, Pittsburgh; J. A. Bittel, Chicago; M. T. Long, San Francisco; Chas. Gans, San Francisco; Jones, San Francisco; C. M. Steinheuer, Georgia; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; Hugh Weston Val, of Jackson, Amador county, Cal. and Alberta Trecorin, of Boston, Mass.

THURSDAY.

OLIVER HUBERTY—In Seattle, Wash., July 14, 1901, in the Catholic church, by Rev. Father P. Prentiss, Miss Kate Huberty and Mr. A. Oliver, both of Seattle.

FRIDAY.

H. A. Campbell, San Francisco; T. B. Potter and wife, San Francisco; Porter Clare, San Francisco; W. H. Gifford, Boston; J. A. Sallinger, Stockton; G. L. Everett, Pittsburgh; J. A. Bittel, Chicago; M. T. Long, San Francisco; Chas. Gans, San Francisco; Jones, San Francisco; C. M. Steinheuer, Georgia; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; Hugh Weston Val, of Jackson, Amador county, Cal. and Alberta Trecorin, of Boston, Mass.

SATURDAY.

W. H. Palmer, San Francisco; W. Storms, Ballo Mine; Mrs. W. Storms, Ballo Mine; W. S. Storms, Ballo Mine; R. Clark, Alameda; Mrs. R. Clark, Alameda; Geo. House, Alameda; A. Robinson, San Andreas; M. J. Musto, Stockton; C. A. Wilson, Pine Grove; Jas. T. Langford, Sheep Ranch; Thos. Jones, San Francisco; Ed. Purcell, Jackson; John Bresca, Jackson; L. J. Fontenrose, Jackson; Chas. E. Skinner, Mill Creek; L. Luttrell, Gwinning.

SUNDAY.

L. H. Palmer, Tabaud; D. L. Clark, Napa City; R. D. Grist, Bakewell; W. J. Curry, San Francisco; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; Miss Kate Carillo, Boston.

MONDAY.

W. Frank Pierce, San Francisco; Dr. Annie R. Davison, Philadelphia; John R. Watkins, San Diego; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; C. P. Vicuña, Jackson; James Lessley, Volcano; Mrs. Justo, San Francisco; H. Rosenfeld, Chicago; T. W. Hubbard, San Francisco; P. F. Reed, San Francisco; John Wade, San Francisco; Gordon Johnson, San Francisco; R. S. Sutherland, Oakland; R. M. Blair, Stockton; G. B. Sherry, San Francisco; Arthur Gram, Electra; G. W. House, Electra; N. A. Eckhart, Electra; Percy Hall, Lake Tabaud; L. J. Brien, Stockton; Miss Mary Vaila, St. Louis.

TUESDAY.

H. A. Campbell, San Francisco; Dr. Annie R. Davison, Philadelphia; John R. Watkins, San Diego; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; C. P. Vicuña, Jackson; James Lessley, Volcano; Mrs. Justo, San Francisco; H. Rosenfeld, Chicago; T. W. Hubbard, San Francisco; P. F. Reed, San Francisco; John Wade, San Francisco; Gordon Johnson, San Francisco; R. S. Sutherland, Oakland; R. M. Blair, Stockton; G. B. Sherry, San Francisco; Arthur Gram, Electra; G. W. House, Electra; N. A. Eckhart, Electra; Percy Hall, Lake Tabaud; L. J. Brien, Stockton; Miss Mary Vaila, St. Louis.

WEDNESDAY.

L. H. Palmer, Tabaud; D. L. Clark, Napa City; R. D. Grist, Bakewell; W. J. Curry, San Francisco; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; Miss Kate Carillo, Boston.

THURSDAY.

H. A. Campbell, San Francisco; Dr. Annie R. Davison, Philadelphia; John R. Watkins, San Diego; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; C. P. Vicuña, Jackson; James Lessley, Volcano; Mrs. Justo, San Francisco; H. Rosenfeld, Chicago; T. W. Hubbard, San Francisco; P. F. Reed, San Francisco; John Wade, San Francisco; Gordon Johnson, San Francisco; R. S. Sutherland, Oakland; R. M. Blair, Stockton; G. B. Sherry, San Francisco; Arthur Gram, Electra; G. W. House, Electra; N. A. Eckhart, Electra; Percy Hall, Lake Tabaud; L. J. Brien, Stockton; Miss Mary Vaila, St. Louis.

FRIDAY.

H. A. Campbell, San Francisco; Dr. Annie R. Davison, Philadelphia; John R. Watkins, San Diego; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; C. P. Vicuña, Jackson; James Lessley, Volcano; Mrs. Justo, San Francisco; H. Rosenfeld, Chicago; T. W. Hubbard, San Francisco; P. F. Reed, San Francisco; John Wade, San Francisco; Gordon Johnson, San Francisco; R. S. Sutherland, Oakland; R. M. Blair, Stockton; G. B. Sherry, San Francisco; Arthur Gram, Electra; G. W. House, Electra; N. A. Eckhart, Electra; Percy Hall, Lake Tabaud; L. J. Brien, Stockton; Miss Mary Vaila, St. Louis.

SATURDAY.

H. A. Campbell, San Francisco; Dr. Annie R. Davison, Philadelphia; John R. Watkins, San Diego; E. E. Huey, San Francisco; C. P. Vicuña, Jackson; James Lessley, Volcano; Mrs. Justo, San Francisco; H. Rosenfeld, Chicago; T. W. Hubbard, San Francisco; P. F. Reed, San Francisco; John Wade, San Francisco; Gordon Johnson, San Francisco; R. S. Sutherland, Oakland; R. M. Blair, Stockton; G. B. Sherry, San Francisco; Arthur Gram, Electra; G. W. House, Electra; N. A. Eckhart, Electra; Percy Hall, Lake Tabaud; L. J. Brien, Stockton; Miss Mary Vaila, St. Louis.

SUNDAY.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Doings In and Around the County Seat.

CHARLES ABANAS SEVERELY SCALDS HIS FEET

Burial of John Corlett.—D. A. Patterson Visits the Recorder's Office for the First Time in Two Years.

Mr. Frank Pierce went to Oakland yesterday.

Special sale on gents' hats and pants at Kelley Bro's.

Don't drink Jesse Moore Whiskey unless you want the best.

Fresh cakes can be had at Campet's Central Market at all times.

St. Augustine's Ladies' Guild will discontinue their meetings until the 1st of September.

Attorney R. C. Cole has returned from a three week's trip to San Francisco, Seattle and Tacoma.

Dr. Annie R. Davison, the widely known Philadelphia dentist, will be at the National hotel until Aug. 8th.

Did it ever strike you that you can buy Jess Moore Whiskey for the same price that is paid for ordinary whiskey?

Grand clearance sale at Kelley Bro's. All summer goods will be sold below cost, as we have to make room for fall stock.

On all our straw and crash hats we will allow 20 per cent, beginning Saturday, until sold out. Jackson Shoe Store.

Miss Loretta Meehan got back from a trip to Seattle last Sunday, and resumed her work in the recorder's office on Monday.

Toilet articles of all kinds; at all prices at Kerr's Pharmacy, Main street, Jackson. Try them and you won't be disappointed.

Mr. Frederick Eudey, who went to San Francisco last week, returned last Sunday night. He reports things lively, and that the leaguers are thick.

Subscribers must send in their estimate of the votes of Ohio, Iowa and Massachusetts, if they wish to participate in the grand prize offers. See ad. on first page.

Mr. Frank Simich left this week for Tuscarora, to remain there several weeks, in the hope of improving her health by change of climate, and the virtues of the healing water.

We also sell a ladies' button show for 50 cents, in small sizes, 2¹/₂ to 4. Call early and get your fit. Jackson Shoe Store.

The last kiss, or word, should not be a betrayal. Evening subject at M. E. church, Sunday, July 28. Morning subject, Who are the special proofs of God's love?

Don't forget to call at Kelley Bro's. and see their low prices during the sale. Remember we don't keep any thing but high grade goods, which will be sold cheaper than the cheapest, for cash.

Mrs. Schober and Mrs. Harvey went to San Francisco last week to see Mrs. Schober's son, A. Bouterous, who has been in business in Tuolumne County for some time, but sold out lately, with the intention of leaving the state.

Eugene Schwartz received a letter from his wife this week, that her mother died in Hannibal, Missouri, on the 20th instant. Mrs. Schwartz went east about two months ago to visit her mother, who was sick at that time. She has been there ever since, waiting upon her in her illness. She is expected to return in a few days.

A young man named Monroe, of San Andreas, captured a three foot rattlesnake a few days ago, and took his snake into town and placed it on exhibition in the office of the Metropolitan hotel. The snake is a vicious one, and ready to give battle, instantly, if challenged.

Joseph H. Granda, a commission merchant of San Francisco, who has been several months in Central America on business, has just returned and is in the neighborhood. He is a son-in-law of Mrs. James Head, and will escort his wife back to San Francisco. She has been visiting her mother while her husband was away.

Dr. Davison, the dentist, needs no better recommendation to the community than one from the S. S. White Dental Manufacturing Company of Philadelphia, James M. White, President; the largest manufacturers of dental goods in the world. They say: "We have known her for years; she is recognized as one of the most skillful dentists that Philadelphia has produced." At the National hotel until Aug. 8.

D. A. Patterson, county recorder, got down to the office last Monday, for the first time in about two years. He walked down with the aid of a stick. It took him half an hour to get from his residence to the court house. This is slow work, but it shows an immense improvement in his condition, as for a long time he was unable to get outside at all. We are pleased to be able to report this change for the better in his condition.

John Corlett, the man that died at the Globe Hotel last Friday, was buried last Sunday. He was attended by Dr. Endicott, who states that Corlett died from pneumonia. He was about fifty years old, and had, as far as can be learned, no friends or relatives in this country. He stated that his only relative was a brother in Europe. His ailment was contracted while at work at the Gwin mine, where he had been employed. It is not known whether he had any assets beyond the amount that he had in his pocket when he died, which was twenty-four dollars. He was a Knight of Pythias, and was a member of a lodge in Nevada.

Latest styles of fashionable stationery and latest and most popular literature, at Kerr's Pharmacy, Main street, Jackson.

Dr. Annie R. Davison extracts teeth without pain with Kelene, the French preparation. At the National hotel until Aug. 8.

There is nothing in the world more delightful than a drink of good whiskey—and Jesse Moore is good whiskey.

The residence of Thomas Clark at the Gwin mine, was destroyed by fire last Monday. How the fire originated is a mystery.

Miss Kate Huberty, who was recently married at Seattle to Mr. A. A. Oliver, is a sister of John R. George M., and Miss Nora Huberty of Jackson.

Only the most thorough and competent druggists employed; those who never make a mistake in compounding prescriptions, at Kerr's Pharmacy, Main street, Jackson.

Dr. Annie R. Davison needs no introduction to the Jackson people. She is well known in Amador and Calaveras counties, having spent six months in these counties eighteen months ago. At the National hotel until Aug. 8.

Dr. Davison, 'tis said, does the most beautiful bridge work in the state. Reference given from Mokelumne Hill and Plymouth, where she has done this work. At the National hotel until Aug. 8.

St. Augustine's Mission, Court street. Service Sunday next, at 8 p. m. Baptism. Evening prayer and sermon. This service will be the last held in the mission room. The next service will be held in the new church.

The trial of J. C. McGregor, the man who was tried for a misdemeanor by exhibiting a child under fourteen years of age, is set for next Tuesday. This will be the second trial for McGregor; the jury in former trial could not agree.

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once, I forgot I ever had anything like piles."—E. C. Boice, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's.—Kerr's Pharmacy, Jackson.

Mrs. R. E. McConnell leaves to-morrow for Los Angeles, where she expects to visit friends and relatives for some time. After she gets through visiting, she will return, bringing with her her daughter Dora, who has been under medical treatment in the city of the Angels, since last May.

Tan shoe sale at the Jackson Shoe Store, beginning on the 29th of this month. We will give 20 per cent off on all our ladies' misses', and children's tan shoes. Remember, if a shoe costs \$1.00, you get it for 80 cents and so on.

W. J. McGee, who has been touring in the mountains, will leave Kirkwood early next week, and expects to be in Sutter Creek Wednesday, and at his office in Jackson next Thursday. He has been greatly benefited in health by his trip.

P. A. Clute, the storekeeper of Volcano, was taken to San Francisco Wednesday last. He has been ailing for about a year with some internal disease, and has been confined to his bed for several weeks. He goes below to consult with surgeons there as to the prospect of relief from a surgical operation.

George Clemons died on Thursday morning at El Dorado of what was called miner's consumption. The remains were taken to Amador county on Friday for burial. He was nearly 50 years old and leaves a wife and several children. They reside in England.—Placerite Republican.

W. A. Courtright has secured the agency for the sale of ornamental and plain wire fencing, together with a machine for putting up the same. It is claimed that this fencing, while far more durable, is also less expensive than ordinary fencing. His agency includes Amador and Calaveras counties. No doubt he will soon be around to interview parties on this fencing project.

Superintendent of schools George A. Gordon states that most of the schools in the county have announced their intention to start either on the second or ninth of September. As the ninth of September is a legal holiday, admission day, he thinks that it will give the children a chance to learn a lesson in patriotism to observe the legal holiday and make their start on a different date.

Charley Abanas, the cook at the Olympus Cafe, was severely scalded on Monday. He was making lard, when the handle of the vessel containing the boiling liquid broke, the hot lard falling over his feet. He had slippers on at the time, so that the liquid scalded him badly. He has been confined to his bed ever since, under the care of Dr. Longo, who says he is getting along nicely and will be able to attend to business in a few days.

Last Monday evening our night-watchman, W. F. Parker, arrested a man who gave his name as H. Larsen. Mr. Parker caught the man in the act of robbing the till of the Louvre restaurant, and found twenty-five cents in his pocket on him. He was taken before Justice Goldner, who sentenced him to twenty-five days in jail. Had the man stolen one hundred dollars he would probably have fared better than he did for stealing the price of a meal.

Ed Taras, of the Olympus Cafe, met with a singular misfortune this week. He attended the show grounds one evening this week, and like the majority, sat on the ground. He rested his weight on one hand a portion of the time. Returning to his business, he attended to his duties as usual, but felt a peculiar sensation in his wrist. During the night it became so painful that he could not sleep, and had to seek medical advice. Dr. Endicott, upon examination, found that he was suffering from a sprained wrist. He is carrying his arm in a sling, and is likely to do so for several days.

The Jackson Shoe Store is always up-to-date for shoes and hats. Call and see our new lines.

Malaria Makes Impure Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures Malaria, 50c.

May 24-6m.

A FAMOUS TRIAL

J. C. McGregor Tried for a Misdemeanor.

SHERIFF GREGORY ATTACKED BY THE DEFENSE

The Fiery Eloquence of Macquarrie and the Beautiful Sarcasm of District Attorney Vicini.

J. C. McGregor, the man who was arrested by the sheriff for exhibiting a child of tender years, was on trial last Monday in the supervisor's chamber, Justice Goldner presiding. The case was called promptly at 10 a. m., and the work of selecting a jury was commenced. The first panel was exhausted at noon, with only four jurors accepted. A second venire was ordered summed, and court adjourned until 1 o'clock.

District attorney Vicini represented the state, while attorney McLellan filed a contest, alleging abandonment, and failure to improve and cultivate. Both parties appeared at the hearing in Sacramento, with witnesses. The case occupied three days, R. Webb appearing for defendant, and E. A. Roberts for claimant. The testimony showed that the essential element of good faith on the part of the settler was wanting. The improvements consisted in cutting from 50 to 75 cords of wood, and preparations to get it out to market. The settler slept in the cabin at intervals, but made his home at his father's place, and kept his domestic animals there. There was no attempt at cultivation, until after the defendant took up his abode on the land as an actual settler. The decision of the local office says:

The testimony of claimant and his witnesses did not establish satisfactorily that he ever resided on the land as his bona fide home; but it appeared therefrom that such residence as he had practiced was merely technical, and not in good faith, but simply to prevent a forfeiture by reason of not being absent from the place for a period of six months at any one time. The witnesses who had lived in the immediate vicinity, and who, frequently passed over the land and in view of the cabin, testify that there was no indication of the place being inhabited as a place of residence, and that from all appearances the applicant made his home constantly with his parents some two miles from his claim. From a careful deduction of all the evidence and the conditions apparent therefrom, we are of the opinion that the homestead claimant never, at any time, resided upon or cultivated his homestead in good faith, or in a manner contemplated by the homestead law, and that the intent of the homestead laws, which were intended for bona fide settlers should not be defeated by a bare technical pretense of a compliance with its requirements, which is evidently the fact in this case.

Mining Notes.

Mitchell—The ten stamp mill on this mine was started up again this week, after an idleness of two months, rendered necessary by repair work and opening up additional ground. We

understand that a new ore body has been uncovered.

Defender District—George W. Horn, well known in mining circles in Amador county, having managed the Lincoln and Mahoney mines in Sutter Creek, in early days, has been in the district about the Defender mine for the last year, looking into the mining prospects of that region. He is confident that with correct methods of mining, that vicinity ought to come to the front in the mining industry of this county. He is so well satisfied that he went to the city last Sunday, for the purpose of getting parties to invest in the development of some claims. The crude methods heretofore adopted have not given the camps a fair show, and failure has resulted, where by proper management a success might have been scored. The ore is of high grade, and one ledge is said to be from 10 to 12 feet wide.

O. E. Martin of Amador City, came over this morning, and says that the sixty stamp mill of the Keystone mine, is being rebuilt and an additional twenty stamps added, is about finished, and that it will be run by electricity, which is a feature for mining mill power.

Semi-Annual Statement.

semi-Annual Statement of the Bank of Amador County, showing the financial condition at close of business, July 1, 1901:

ASSETS.

Cash on hand \$4626.90
Overdrafts 4154.50
Balances Receivable 93314.02

Bank 14850.22
Postage and Premiums 50.00
Expenses 100.00
Furniture and Fixtures 1145.30

Checks on Outside Banks 508.05
Invested in Documentary Stamps 125.75

Total Assets \$13000.43
LIABILITIES.

Deposits collected 22223.64
Bankers collected 530.02
Safe Deposit Rents collected 318.55
Surplus Fund 4073.45
Capital Stock 3000.00

Total Liabilities \$13000.43

I certify the above statement to be correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

By FREDERICK EDEY, Cashier.

Peculiar Accident

Lawrence Spinetti, who carries the mail for the Oneida mine, while driving from Jackson to the mine, last Saturday evening, met with a horse and a carriage mishap. It appears that his horse ran away, causing the horse that was tied behind to fall, and striking his head against a stone, started the blood from his nose, ears and mouth. It was remarked by every one that saw the horse, that he acted in his suffering exactly like a human being. They got him on a large "stone boat," and hauled him away for treatment. He will recover.

Birthday Party.

A birthday party was given at the residence of Judge Brown by his grand-daughter Miss Philippa Folger.

Her guests were Misses Ethel Bradley, Emily Angove, Almeda Schroeder, Emily Piccardo, Annie Drobatz and Hettie May. A pleasant time was had by all.

Dr. Longo, who is getting along nicely and will be able to attend to business in a few days.

Last Monday evening our night-watchman, W. F. Parker, arrested a man who gave his name as H. Larsen.

Mr. Parker caught the man in the act of robbing the till of the Louvre restaurant, and found twenty-five cents in his pocket on him. He was taken before Justice Goldner, who sentenced him to twenty-five days in jail.

Had the man stolen one hundred dollars he would probably have fared better than he did for stealing the price of a meal.

Ed Taras, of the Olympus Cafe, met with a singular misfortune this week. He attended the show grounds one evening this week, and like the majority, sat on the ground. He rested his weight on one hand a portion of the time.

Returning to his business, he attended to his duties as usual, but felt a peculiar sensation in his wrist.

During the night it became so painful that he could not sleep, and had to seek medical advice.

Dr. Endicott, upon examination, found that he was suffering from a sprained wrist. He is carrying his arm in a sling, and is likely to do so for several days.

The Jackson Shoe Store is always up-to-date for shoes and hats. Call and see our new lines.

Malaria Makes Impure Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures Malaria, 50c.

May 24-6m.

Latest styles of fashionable stationery and latest and most popular literature, at Kerr's Pharmacy, Main street, Jackson.

Dr. Annie R. Davison extracts teeth without pain with Kelene, the French preparation. At the National hotel until Aug. 8.

There is nothing in the world more delightful than a drink of good whiskey—and Jesse Moore is good whiskey.

The residence of Thomas Clark at the Gwin mine, was destroyed by fire last Monday. How the fire originated is a mystery.

The testimony of claimant and his witnesses did not establish satisfactorily that he ever resided on the land as his bona fide home.

Both parties appeared at the hearing in Sacramento, with witnesses.

The case occupied three days, R. Webb appearing for defendant, and E. A. Roberts for claimant. The testimony showed that the essential element of good faith on the part of the settler was wanting.

The improvements consisted in cutting from 50 to 75 cords of wood, and preparing to get it out to market.

The settler slept in the cabin at intervals, but made his home at his father's place, and kept his domestic animals there.

There was no attempt at cultivation, until after the defendant took up his abode on the land as an actual settler.

The decision of the local office says:

The testimony of claimant and his witnesses did not establish satisfactorily that he ever resided on the land as his bona fide home.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. GINOCCHIO & BROTHER
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

General Merchandise

Water Street, Foot of Broadway, Jackson
WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR PATRONS and the public generally that we have on hand a choice selected stock of DRY GOODS of all kinds, GROCERIES, FARMERS' SUPPLY, BOOKS, AND SHOES. We particularly direct the attention of the public to the fact that we keep on hand the largest assortment of superior assortments of all kinds of HARDWARE. Also a Carriage Bolts, Screws, Nuts, Nails, and, in fact, everything the market demands. We are sole agents for the celebrated AMERICAN LEATHER, which we shall constantly keep on hand a large supply.

THE NEW

NATIONAL HOTEL

FOOT OF MAIN STREET
JACKSON, CAL.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS FOR TRAVELERS AT REASONABLE PRICES

Sample Room for Commercial Travelers
Rooms Newly Furnished Throughout
Table Supplied with the Best in the Market
BAR Supplied with the Finest Brands of
WI's Liquors and Cigars

F. A. VOORHEIS, Proprietor

E. G. FREEMAN CO.

Gent's Working and Driving Gloves.
Soaps, Perfumes, and Toilet Articles.
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Brushes.

GENERAL VARIETIES

FIRST CLASS WORK DONE IN OUR

HARNESS & SADDLERY ANNEX

Telephone 441 Main, Jackson, Cal.

PIONEER FLOUR IS PERFECTION

Made From SELECTED WHEAT
Blended According to Our Own Formula
Producing Perfect Results and
Bread Divinely Fair and Feathery Light
Sweet to the Palate's Touch and
Snowy White

PIONEER FLOUR MILLS, SACRAMENTO

A Careful Investigation

Will convince every one that

THE Amador Ledger

is one of the CLEANEST, BRIGHTEST and PROGRESSIVE Newspapers of the day.

IT IS THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF AMADOR COUNTY.

Local Social News, Agricultural and Political Notes and Accurate Accounts of the Latest Movements at the Mines Along the Mother Lode.

ADVERTISERS will find THE LEDGER read in a great majority of the HOMES, OFFICES, and BUSINESS HOUSES in this and adjoining counties.

JOB PRINTING

You need it in your business, but you want it done neatly and in an up-to-date style, and of course at a moderate price. We can furnish you with anything you need in the printing line, but to jog your memory will mention Bill Heads, Statements, Receipts, Envelopes, Note Heads, Calling and Wedding Cards, Posters, etc. Orders by mail will be promptly attended to.

Amador County Publishing Co.,
P. O. Box 234. Jackson, Cal.
Telephone, Main 423.

E. MARRE & BRO.
Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers
in Imported and Domestic

PLYMOUTH-JACKSON

DAILY STAGE LINE

Leaves Plymouth 6:30 a. m.
Leaves Jackson 2:30 p. m.

JOHN STEINER, Proprietor

ANTONE RAITTO

Carpenter and Contractor

ESTIMATES GIVEN ON ALL KINDS OF
Furniture, Jobbing and repairing work at
a reasonable price. Address at Freguia's
shop, Broadway Jackson.

Tit For Tat.

The correspondence was brief, but to the point. The letter she received was as follows:

Dear Madam—I take pleasure in shipping to your address a rug valued at \$50, for which I shall be glad to receive your check. If you do not desire the rug, please return it.

"The idea!" she exclaimed. "I never knew such impudence."

Then she sat down and wrote the following:

Dear Sir—I have ordered no rug from your establishment, and I see no reason why I should not return it to the expense of returning that which I do not want and which was sent to me unsolicited.

To this she received the following answer in due time:

Dear Madam—I will send for the unsolicited rug, and I trust you will do me the favor to accept the unsolicited charity entertainment tickets which now lie, with about 28 others, on my desk.

"The discourteous boor!" she exclaimed.

"Evidently," he soliloquized, "there are methods of procedure that cannot be successfully applied to business."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A New England man was given to addressing his cattle in rather emphatic terms. One day when the cows were more than usually frolicsome he was heard to exclaim: "Yes, scatter, will ye! Blast ye! If there warn't but one ye'd scatter!"

Can't Call It Home.
Towne—That's Perkins. Looks like a dramp, doesn't he? Well, he's quite wealthy, I understand.

Browne—I know him very well. Why, he hasn't a place, really, that he can call a home.

Towne—Oh, you're mistaken there.

Browne—No; I'm not. He's an Englishman, and he invariably calls it "ome"—Catholic Standard and Times.

It took the sufferer only a few hours to realize that it would be impossible for her to live in the new house, which was only short distance from the North river. Her discomfort became so great that she was compelled at the end of a week to give up all attempt to reside there, and the house that had been built with so much care and expense had to be abandoned.

Another example of the vagaries of asthma is to be found in the case of a New Yorker who is comfortable enough in this city so long as he lives on the upper stories of a lofty hotel or other residence building, but is in great distress so soon as he is compelled to be on terra firma.—New York Sun.

A Danger.

"Do you ever look back on your life and reflect on the opportunities you have missed?" inquired the melancholy man.

"No, sir," answered the hustler. "It would be just my luck to miss some while I was brooding over what can't be helped."—Washington Star.

He Was One of Them.

Manning—A year or two ago I advised Pitcher to write a book on the famous men he had met.

Boyd—And did he do it?

Manning—He wrote an autobiography.—Boston Transcript.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads, and rails vary in length, the average being 30 feet, some 33 feet and some 60 feet.

At 30 feet there are 176 rails to the mile, and if you can count 176 consecutive clicks as your train flies along you may determine its speed and not otherwise."—Washington Star.

These are easy figures to remember, and by applying them on a journey a passenger may obtain an idea more or less accurate of the speed of the train.

Another way is to attempt to count the clicks of the wheels of the truck of your car as they pass over the rails when joined. The rails of the roads as placed today are too evenly joined to arrive at an exact determination by this method because if you miss two or three joints your calculations are thrown out as to accuracy.

However, there are railroad men who cannot tell you the number of rails to the mile of their own roads,